# **#1335** - Free Papers

# Detection Of Distal Radial Fractures Using An Open Access Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

Trauma / Hand & Wrist Trauma / Epidemiology, Prevention & Diagnosis

Koen Oude Nijhuis<sup>1</sup>, Jasper Prijs<sup>1</sup>, Charlotte Laane<sup>2</sup>, Britt Barvelink<sup>2</sup>, Zhibin Liao<sup>3</sup>, Job Doornberg<sup>1</sup>, Frank IJpma<sup>1</sup>, Joost Colaris<sup>2</sup>, Mathieu Wijffels<sup>2</sup>

- 1. Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen, Groningen, The Netherlands
- 2. Erasmus Medical Centre, Rotterdam, The Netherlands
- 3. Australian Institute of Machine Learning, Adelaide, Australia

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# Background

Distal radius fractures (DRFs) are among the most common fractures seen in emergency departments. Preliminary assessment is often performed by junior doctors under time constraints with limited 24/7 supervision, while a missed diagnosis can have significant consequences for patients. AI, specifically Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) can be of help to diagnose fractures. Although CNNs are capable of recognizing fractures, for DRFs, however, algorithms that can detect fractures are lacking. Furthermore, external validation, is lacking for many algorithms.

# Objectives

The aim of this study is to validate an open access artificial intelligence algorithm (CNN) for automatic recognition of DRFs.

### **Study Design & Methods**

Radiographs of adult patients with a suspected acute DRF, who presented at the emergency room of a level 1 trauma center between 2016 and 2020, were included. The key features of the radiographs were annotated, including the outline of the radius and ulna, and a rectangle and polygon surrounding the fracture. These annotations have been performed by a panel in consensus agreement: junior doctors, supervised by a senior researcher and a consultant trauma surgeon. The dataset was divided into a training set (80%) and a test set (20%).

### Results

A total of 281 non-DRF and 245 DRF-images were included. The accuracy of the algorithm for detecting DRFs is good, with sensitivity of the algorithm being 100%. The specificity of the algorithm is 94.44%. The area under the receiver operating curve (AUC) is 100.

### Conclusions

This study presents\_an artificial intelligence algorithm that is capable to detect DRFs with high accuracy. The algorithm will be made public for other researchers, to either improve upon it, or externally validate it.